

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2022

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors of Niagara Support Services:

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Niagara Support Services (the Organization), which comprise the statement of financial position as at March 31, 2022 and the statements of operations and surplus and of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Niagara Support Services as at March 31, 2022, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Organization in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained in our audit is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged With Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Organization's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Organization or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Organization's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Organization's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Organization's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Organization to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Durward Jones Barkwell & Company LLP Licensed Public Accountants

Durward Jones Barkwell + Company LLP

June 28, 2022

STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS AND SURPLUS YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022

	2000	0004
INCOME	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
INCOME Provincial subsidies	\$12,377,363	\$11,097,010
Niagara Region subsidy	397,237	397,582
Residence fees	822,597	846,239
Recoveries	1,950,516	1,502,916
Donations and memberships	6,007	3,018
Interest earned	9,422	15,811
	15,563,142	13,862,576
EXPENDITURES		
Salaries	8,769,254	8,306,450
Benefits	1,682,730	1,654,277
Purchase services	2,034,893	1,232,992
Supplies	196,571	246,087
Bank charges and interest	4,645	4,619
Dietary	376,317	309,561
Occupancy	1,654,830	1,380,699
Vehicle operations	186,178	132,796
Personal needs	214,989	243,416
Training	109,229	26,669
Mortgage interest	8,823	9,928 5,119
Association expenses Donations and memberships	2,001 3,003	1,683
Travel	14,400	11,078
Other	251,363	262,042
Transfer to reserve	1,698	1,698
Amortization	17,754	16,656
	15,528,678	13,845,770
	15,526,676	13,643,770
EXCESS OF INCOME OVER EXPENDITURES BEFORE OTHER		
INCOME	34,464	16,806
OTHER INCOME (EXPENDITURES)		
Amortization	(148,119)	(167,397)
Amortization of deferred grants	93,704	104,927
Gain on disposal of vehicle	350	-
	(E4 00E)	(00.470)
	(54,065)	(62,470)
EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER INCOME FOR THE YEAR	(19,601)	(45,664)
SURPLUS, BEGINNING OF YEAR	331,045	314,239
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS INVESTED IN CAPITAL ASSETS	35,863	62,470
SURPLUS, END OF YEAR	\$ 347,307	\$ 331,045

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT MARCH 31, 2022

ASSETS	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
AGGETG		
Current assets Cook and cook aguivalents, uprestricted (Note 2)	¢ 1 046 977	\$ 657,988
Cash and cash equivalents - unrestricted (Note 2) Cash - restricted (Note 3)	\$ 1,046,877 792,649	\$ 657,988 790,250
Accounts receivable	156,190	252,394
HST receivable	99,425	67,127
Subsidies receivable	51,146	30,493
Prepaid expenses	75,062	151,252
	2,221,349	1,949,504
Guaranteed investment certificates (Note 4)	519,080	312,776
Property and equipment (Note 5)	656,216	709,833
	\$ 3,396,645	\$ 2,972,113
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 1,367,260	\$ 1,036,291
Government remittances Deferred revenue	20,431 95,685	20,215 46,971
Current portion of long-term debt (Note 6)	18,925	17,754
Due to related party (Note 7)	117,098	37,509
	1,619,399	1,158,740
Language delta (Neta C)	440.004	100 540
Long-term debt (Note 6)	110,621	129,546
Lease commitment (Note 10)		
	1,730,020	1,288,286
FUND BALANCES Surplus	247 207	224 045
Surplus Replacement reserve fund, Windgate (Note 8)	347,307 52,500	331,045 50,101
Capital reserve fund	740,149	740,149
Net assets invested in capital assets (Note 9)	526,669	562,532
	1,666,625	1,683,827
	\$ 3,396,645	\$ 2,972,113

Approved by the Board:

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Director	Di	rector

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022

	<u>2022</u>			<u>2021</u>
OPERATING ACTIVITIES Excess of income over expenditures (expenditures over income)	\$ (19,601	l)	\$	(45,664)
Items not affecting cash Amortization, net Gain on disposal of vehicle	72,169 (350			79,126 <u>-</u>
	52,218	3		33,462
Changes in non-cash operating assets and liabilities Accounts receivable HST receivable Subsidies receivable Prepaid expenses Due to related party Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Government remittances Deferred revenue	96,204 (32,298 (20,653 76,190 79,589 330,969 216 48,714	3) 3)))		(52,822) (6,405) (27,714) (7,111) (93,861) (78,381) (958) (21,383)
	631,149)		(255,173)
INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchase of property and equipment Purchase of long term guaranteed investment certificates Increase in long term guaranteed investment certificates Proceeds on disposition of property and equipment	(48,823 (200,000 (6,304 350)) - -		- (312,776) - -
	(254,777	7)		(312,776)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES Repayment of long-term debt Increase in replacement reserve fund Capital grants	(17,75 ² 2,399 30,271)		(16,656) 2,729 -
	14,916	<u> </u>		(13,927)
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH	391,288	3		(581,876)
CASH, BEGINNING OF YEAR	1,448,238	3		2,030,114
CASH, END OF YEAR	\$ 1,839,526	3	\$ ^	1,448,238
CASH IS REPRESENTED BY: Cash and cash equivalents - unrestricted Cash - restricted	\$ 1,046,877 792,649		\$	657,988 790,250
	\$ 1,839,526	3	\$ -	1,448,238

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2022

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND GENERAL INFORMATION

Basis of accounting

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

Nature of organization

The Organization is a non-profit organization incorporated without share capital under the Ontario Business Corporations Act, which is partially funded by the Ministry of Community and Social Services and the Ministry of Children and Youth Services. The Organization's primary purpose is to provide facilities, programs and services for persons with disabilities. The Organization is also a registered charity and is therefore exempt from income taxes.

Income and expenditures

Income and expenditures are accounted for on the accrual basis whereby they are recorded in the fiscal period to which they apply, except for donations which are recorded on the cash basis.

Revenue recognition

The Organization recognizes revenue from government grants using the deferral method. Funding provided for general operating purposes is recorded as revenue in the fiscal year in which it is awarded. Contributions received for special projects are reflected in revenue to the extent that related expenses have been incurred. Contributions received for capital assets are deferred and taken into income at a rate corresponding with the amortization rate for the related assets acquired.

These grants are subject to final approval by the Ministry of Community and Social Services and Ministry of Children and Youth Services and any adjustments are recorded in the year in which the adjustment is received.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand and guaranteed investment certificates with original maturities of less than twelve months.

Property and equipment

Property and equipment are recorded at acquisition cost. Amortization on the property and equipment is calculated using the diminishing-balance method at the following rates, with one-half of the normal rate of amortization being recorded in the year of addition and none in the year of disposal:

Buildings	6.67%
Equipment	20%
Vehicles	25%
Parking areas	25%
Leasehold improvements	20%

Long-lived assets

Long-lived assets are tested for recoverability if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. The carrying amount of the long-lived asset is not recoverable if the carrying amount exceeds the sum of the undiscounted cash flows expected to result from its use and eventual disposition. Impairment losses are measured as the amount by which the carrying amount of a long-lived asset exceeds its fair value.

Deferred revenue

This represents amounts related to services to be provided in subsequent periods.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2022

Replacement reserve fund

This reserve represents money to be used for future replacement costs on the Windgate property. Any such expenditures must be approved by the Ministry of Community and Social Services.

Capital reserve fund

This reserve represents money transferred from operations into separate accounts for the purpose of future building renovations and major capital repairs.

Financial instruments

(a) Measurement of financial instruments

Initial measurement

The Organization initially measures its financial assets and liabilities originated or exchanged in arm's length transactions at fair value. Financial assets and liabilities originated or exchanged in related party transactions, except for those that involve parties whose sole relationship with the Organization is in the capacity of management, are initially measured at cost.

The cost of a financial instrument in a related party transaction depends on whether the instrument has repayment terms. If it does, the cost is determined using its undiscounted cash flows, excluding interest and dividend payments, less any impairment losses previously recognized by the transferor. Otherwise, the cost is determined using the consideration transferred or received by the Organization in the transaction.

Subsequent measurement

The Organization subsequently measures all its financial assets and liabilities at cost or amortized cost, except for investments in equity instruments that are quoted in an active market, which are measured at fair value. Changes in fair value are recognized in income in the period incurred.

Financial assets measured at amortized cost include cash and cash equivalents - unrestricted, cash - restricted, guaranteed investment certificates, accounts receivable and subsidies receivable.

Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost include accounts payable and accrued liabilities and long-term debt.

Due to related party is measured at cost.

(b) Transaction costs

Transaction costs attributable to financial instruments subsequently measured at fair value and to those originated or exchanged in a related party transaction are recognized in income in the period incurred. Transaction costs related to financial instruments originated or exchanged in an arm's length transaction that are subsequently measured at cost or amortized cost are recognized in the original cost of the instrument. When the instrument is measured at amortized cost, transaction costs are recognized in income over the life of the instrument using the straight-line method.

(c) Impairment

For financial assets measured at cost or amortized cost, the Organization determines whether there are indications of possible impairment. When there are, and the Organization determines that a significant adverse change has occurred during the period in the expected timing or amount of future cash flows, a write-down is recognized in income. If the indicators of impairment have decreased or no longer exist, the previously recognized impairment loss may be reversed to the extent of the improvement. The carrying amount of the financial asset may be no greater than the amount that would have been reported at the date of the reversal had the impairment not been recognized previously. The amount of the reversal is recognized in income.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2022

Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from management's best estimates, as additional information becomes available in the future. Significant estimates and assumptions are used when accounting for items such as impairment of long lived assets, determination of useful lives of property and equipment, revenue recognition, contingent liabilities and allowances for accounts receivable.

2. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - UNRESTRICTED			
		<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Cash Guaranteed investment certificates	\$	1,046,877 -	\$ 455,748 202,240
	\$	1,046,877	\$ 657,988
3. CASH - RESTRICTED			
3. CASH - RESTRICTED		<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Replacement reserve fund, Windgate (Note 8) Building and major capital reserve fund	\$	52,500 740,149	\$ 50,101 740,149
	\$	792,649	\$ 790,250
4. GUARANTEED INVESTMENT CERTIFICATES			
		2022	<u>2021</u>
Redeemable GIC - 1.2%, maturing December, 2023 Redeemable GIC - 1.2%, maturing June, 2024 Redeemable GIC - 1.2%, maturing June, 2024	\$	317,160 100,960 100,960	\$ 312,776 - -
	\$	519,080	\$ 312,776

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2022

5. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT				
	<u>20</u> 2	<u>22</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>)21</u>
		Accumulated		Accumulated
	Cost	Amortization	Cost	Amortization
Land Buildings Equipment	\$ 530,984 3,021,557 1,390,233	\$ - 2,295,500 1,332,772	\$ 530,984 3,021,557 1,390,233	\$ - 2,208,909 1,318,408
Vehicles	654,134	542,581	625,050	533,273
Parking areas	68,570	59,370	68,570	56,303
Leasehold improvements	854,109	722,892	854,109	690,088
	6,519,587	4,953,115	6,490,503	4,806,981
Net book value		1,566,472		1,683,522
Deferred grants	(0.000.540)	(4 704 057)	(0.000.540)	(4.040.000)
Balance, beginning of year	(2,698,546)	(1,724,857)	(2,698,546)	(1,619,930)
Current year additions/amortization	(30,271)	(93,704)	-	(104,927)
Balance, end of year	(2,728,817)	(1,818,561)	(2,698,546)	(1,724,857)
Net book value		(910,256)		(973,689)
		\$ 656,216		\$ 709,833

The following four properties of the Organization were fully financed by the Ministry of Community and Social Services, located in the cities of Niagara Falls and Niagara-on-the-Lake: 4846/4848 Windgate Drive, 4037 Longhurst Avenue, 6362 Maitland Street, and 1046 Line 9.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2022

6. LONG-TERM DEBT		
	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Mortgage payable 6.49% from Great-West Life, payable in equal monthly installments of \$2,223 including principal and interest, due January 2028 and secured by land and buildings on Windgate Drive with a net book value equal to the mortgage value	\$ 129,546	\$ 147,300
Loss amounts due within one year	18,925	17,754
Less amounts due within one year	10,923	17,734
	\$ 110,621	\$ 129,546
Principal amounts due in each of the next five years are as follows: 2023 2024 2025 2026 2027	\$ 18,925 20,173 21,504 22,922 24,434 107,958	

The Ministry of Community and Social Services provides a subsidy to fund the operating costs of the property and repayment of the mortgage.

7. DUE TO RELATED PARTY

Niagara Support Services has significant influence in Niagara Training & Employment Agency Inc. (NTEC) by virtue of several common board of directors and common management. NTEC is a non-profit, charitable organization, incorporated without share capital under the Ontario Business Corporation Act. NTEC's primary purpose is to provide facilities, programs and services for persons with disabilities.

The balance is due on demand and is unsecured.

Niagara Support Services and NTEC share management, other staff and occupancy costs. These costs are allocated to each organization based on use, on normal market terms, and are measured at the exchange amount, which is the amount of consideration established and agreed to between the related parties. The following transactions occurred during the year:

		<u>2022</u>		<u>2021</u>
Rental revenue Rental expense Purchase of goods and services Wages and benefits charged Wages and benefits received	\$ \$ \$ \$	1,560 223,283 36,834 223,061 260,943	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	1,560 220,570 60,531 260,337 186,099

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2022

8. REPLACEMENT RESERVE FUND, WINDGATE		
	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Balance, beginning of year Interest earned Transfer from operations	\$ 50,101 701 1,698	\$ 47,372 1,031 1,698
	\$ 52,500	\$ 50,101
9. NET ASSETS INVESTED IN CAPITAL ASSETS	2222	0004
	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Balance, beginning of year Proceeds of grants related to capital assets purchased Additions net of disposals during the year Amortization, net of amortization of grants and loss on disposal Debt repayments	\$ 562,532 (30,271) 48,823 (72,169) 17,754	\$ 625,002 - - (79,126) 16,656
Balance, end of year	\$ 526,669	\$ 562,532

10. LEASE COMMITMENT

The Organization leases three properties which expire in the 2026 fiscal year. These properties are owned by Niagara Training and Employment Agency (NTEC), a related party by virtue of several common board of directors and common management. The aggregate minimum annual lease payments and commitments for the next four years is as follows:

Year ending March 31, 2023	\$ 64,883
2024	64,883
2025	55,283
2026	 50,483
	\$ 235,532

11. ECONOMIC DEPENDENCE

The Organization's primary source of operating funding is derived from the Ministry of Children, Community and Social Services. Should these contributions cease, the Organization would need to consider its ability to continue its current operations.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2022

12. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Organization has a comprehensive risk management framework to monitor, evaluate and manage the principal risks assumed with financial instruments. The risks that arise from transacting financial instruments include interest rate risk, market (other price) risk, credit risk, and liquidity risk. Price risk arises from changes in interest rates, foreign currency exchange rates and market prices.

(a) Interest rate risk:

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Organization is exposed to interest rate risk since changes in interest rates may impact the Organization's borrowing costs. The Organization does not use any derivative instrument to reduce its exposure to interest rate risk.

It is management's opinion that the Organization is not exposed to significant market (other price), liquidity, currency or credit risks arising from its financial instruments.

13. IMPACT OF COVID-19 PANDEMIC

Since December 31, 2019, the spread of COVID-19 has severely impacted many local economies around the globe. In many countries, including Canada, businesses are being forced to cease or limit operations for long or indefinite periods of time. Measures taken to contain the spread of the virus, including travel bans, quarantines, social distancing, and closures of nonessential services have triggered significant disruptions to businesses worldwide, resulting in an economic slowdown.

The Organization has determined that these events are non-adjusting subsequent events. Accordingly, the financial position and results of operations as of and for the year ended March 31, 2022 have not been adjusted to reflect their impact. The duration and impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, as well as the effectiveness of government and central bank responses, remains unclear at this time. It is not possible to reliably estimate the duration and severity of these consequences, as well as their impact on the financial position and results of the Organization for future periods.